

Each year, the permittee must review the List of Waters to determine if additional impaired waters within the permitted area have been listed. If additional impaired waters are present, then the permittee must amend the Plan to include a map showing these impaired waters and the outfalls to these waters, identify BMPs to address the pollutant of concern and a BMP implementation schedule. Each subsequent annual report must address Plan activities related to all of the impaired waters.

- 4.4.2 The requirements of Part 4.4.2 of this permit apply to those permittees with a population exceeding 10,000 at the time of permit issuance (see Appendix B) or at the time of designation:

The permittee must identify any impaired waters located within its permitted area, using the latest approved 305(b)/303(d) List of Waters (<http://www.georgia.gov/georgia-305b303d-list-documents>), which contain MS4 outfalls or are within one (1) linear mile downstream of MS4 outfalls. Also, the pollutant(s) of concern must be identified. For those impaired waters, the permittee shall propose a Monitoring and Implementation Plan (Plan) addressing each pollutant of concern. The permittee must annually check whether an impaired water within its permitted area has been added to the latest 305(b)/303(d) list. Newly listed waters must be addressed in the Plan and the SWMP must be revised accordingly. The permittee must report on all monitoring activities in subsequent annual reports. If a TMDL containing a wasteload allocation specific to one or more of the permittee's outfalls is approved, then the wasteload allocation must be incorporated into the SWMP. All previous and newly approved TMDLs within the permitted areas must be included in either the proposed Plan or a revision to the existing Plan.

The Plan shall include:

- Sample location, whether samples are collected instream (i.e. upstream and downstream), from outfalls during wet weather events, or a combination of both locations. Bacteriological samples must be collected instream. If the permittee chooses to conduct outfall sampling and there are multiple outfalls located on an impaired stream, then the permittee may choose representative outfalls for sampling in place of sampling all outfalls;
- Sample type, frequency, and any seasonal considerations;
- Implementation schedule to start monitoring for each pollutant of concern;
- Map showing the location of the impaired waters, the monitoring location, and all identified MS4 outfalls located on the impaired waters or occurring within one linear mile upstream of these waters, or a schedule for confirming the location of these outfalls; and
- Description of proposed BMPs to be used to control and reduce the pollutant(s) of concern and a schedule for implementation of these BMPs.